

01	☐ A	☐ B	☐ C	☐ D	☐ E
02	☐ A	☒ B	☐ C	☐ D	☐ E
03	☐ A	☐ B	☒ C	☐ D	☐ E
04	☐ A	☐ B	☒ C	☐ D	☐ E
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31	☐ A	☐ B	☐ C	☒ D	☐ E
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35	☐ A	☒ B	☐ C	☐ D	☐ E
36	☐ A	☐ B	☐ C	☒ D	☐ E
37	☐ A	☒ B	☐ C	☐ D	☐ E
38	☐ A	☐ B	☒ C	☐ D	☐ E
39	☐ A	☐ B	☐ C	☐ D	☒ E

PRACTICE QUESTIONS

CA CONTRACTORS STATE LICENCE BOARD

X65XZ2HM

C-22 Asbestos Abatement

EDITION

Demo

QUESTIONS

9

FORMAT

Limited Edition PDF

Before you begin

What this is

9 practice questions for CA CONTRACTORS STATE LICENCE BOARD X65XZ2HM , each with its answer key and an explanation. Answer a question before you read its key — the explanation is worth more once you have committed.

If something looks wrong

Send us three things and we will check it:

- the exam code, X65XZ2HM
- the question number
- the email address on your order

Write to **support@mometrix.net**. We reply within one business day.

QUESTION 1

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Which of the following materials are commonly classified as asbestos-containing construction materials that must be addressed prior to disturbance? (Choose two.)

- ☒ **A** Spray-applied fireproofing on structural steel
- ☐ **B** Vinyl composition floor tile installed after 2000
- ☒ **C** Transite (cementitious) pipe insulation
- ☐ **D** Modern fiberglass duct insulation

ANSWER A - C

WHY Spray-applied fireproofing and transite pipe insulation are well-documented asbestos-containing materials (ACM) historically used in construction. Post-2000 vinyl composition tile and modern fiberglass duct insulation are not recognized ACM and are inappropriate selections because they do not contain asbestos by composition.

QUESTION 2

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Which of the following are required elements of a Class I asbestos abatement project? (Choose two.)

- ☒ **A** Establishing a regulated area accessible only to authorized, trained personnel
- ☒ **B** Using wet methods, local exhaust ventilation, or a glove bag system to control fiber release
- ☐ **C** Posting signage stating 'Lead Hazard' at all access points
- ☐ **D** Allowing unprotected workers to enter the regulated area during shift changes

ANSWER A - B

WHY Class I work under the federal asbestos standard (29 CFR 1926.1101) and Cal/OSHA's Asbestos Construction Standard (8 CCR 5208) requires a regulated area with authorized personnel only, and engineering controls such as wet methods, local exhaust ventilation, or a glove bag system. 'Lead Hazard' signage is incorrect (it is an asbestos project), and unprotected entry into the regulated area is prohibited.

QUESTION 3

TRUE/FALSE

Asbestos waste must be wetted, sealed in leak-tight containers, and labeled in accordance with EPA NESHAP and DOT shipping requirements before transport to an approved disposal site.

☒ **A** True☐ **B** False**ANSWER A**

WHY True. Federal NESHAP (40 CFR Part 61, Subpart M) and DOT hazardous materials regulations require ACM waste to be wetted, sealed in leak-tight labeled containers, and manifested for transport to a permitted disposal facility. This is a fundamental requirement the California C-22 license holder must follow.

QUESTION 4

SINGLE CHOICE

What is the minimum respiratory protection required for workers performing Class I asbestos abatement inside a negatively-pressured enclosure?

☐ **A** A NIOSH-approved half-mask air-purifying respirator with P100 filters☒ **B** A NIOSH-approved powered air-purifying respirator (PAPR) with HEPA filters, or a supplied-air respirator☐ **C** A disposable N95 filtering facepiece respirator☐ **D** No respirator is required if the area is negatively pressured**ANSWER B**

WHY Cal/OSHA (8 CCR 5208) and 29 CFR 1926.1101 require, at a minimum, a NIOSH-approved PAPR with HEPA filters or a supplied-air respirator for Class I asbestos work inside a regulated area such as a negatively-pressured enclosure. Half-mask APRs and disposable N95s are insufficient, and negative pressure alone does not eliminate the need for respiratory protection.

QUESTION 5 SINGLE CHOICE

What is the minimum required negative pressure differential that must be maintained between the asbestos work area and adjacent spaces?

- ☐ A 0.01 inches of water column
- ☒ B 0.02 inches of water column
- ☐ C 0.10 inches of water column
- ☐ D 0.5 inches of water column

ANSWER B

WHY Under Cal/OSHA 8 CCR 5208 and federal 29 CFR 1926.1101, the work area must be maintained at a pressure differential of at least 0.02 inches of water column relative to adjacent areas, verified by manometric measurements, with continuous monitoring.

QUESTION 6 SINGLE CHOICE

Under EPA NESHAP, who is authorized to collect bulk samples of suspect asbestos-containing building materials for analysis?

- ☐ A Any licensed asbestos abatement contractor
- ☒ B An accredited inspector who has successfully completed the EPA AHERA Inspector training
- ☐ C The building owner's maintenance supervisor
- ☐ D Any certified public accountant

ANSWER B

WHY Bulk sampling must be performed by an accredited inspector trained in accordance with AHERA (40 CFR Part 763, Subpart E) requirements. A licensed abatement contractor is permitted to perform the abatement, not to conduct the inspection that identifies the scope of work; owners and unrelated personnel are not qualified.

QUESTION 7 SINGLE CHOICE

How many working days before beginning an asbestos renovation or demolition activity must a notification be provided to the delegated federal NESHAP agency?

- ☐ A At least 1 working day
- ☐ B At least 5 working days
- ☒ C At least 10 working days
- ☐ D No advance notification is required

ANSWER C

WHY 40 CFR 61.145(a) requires written NESHAP notification to be submitted at least 10 working days before the commencement of any asbestos demolition or renovation activity that disturbs regulated amounts of ACM, including any weekend or holiday information needed for the agency's scheduling.

QUESTION 8 SINGLE CHOICE

What is the required sequence of decontamination facilities for a Class I asbestos project where workers must enter the regulated area in protective clothing?

- ☐ A Equipment room only
- ☐ B Shower room only
- ☐ C Clean room → shower room → equipment room → work area
- ☒ D Work area → equipment room → shower room → clean room

ANSWER D

WHY Per 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 8 CCR 5208, workers entering a Class I regulated area pass from the clean room through the shower room and equipment room before reaching the work area; exiting, they reverse the path to prevent fiber migration: work area → equipment room → shower room → clean room. The work-area-first entry sequence is required to maintain containment integrity.

QUESTION 9

SINGLE CHOICE

Which analytical method must be used to determine asbestos fiber counts for clearance after a Class I asbestos abatement project?

- ☒ **A** Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM)
- ☐ **B** Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM)
- ☐ **C** Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)
- ☐ **D** Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM)

ANSWER A

WHY Final clearance air monitoring for asbestos abatement projects typically uses NIOSH Method 7400, Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM), which is the standard analytical technique specified under 29 CFR 1926.1101 and Cal/OSHA's Asbestos Construction Standard for compliance sampling. PLM is used for bulk material analysis, not air clearance fiber counting.