

01	A	B	C	D	E
02	A	B	C	D	E
03	A	B	C	D	E
04	A	B	C	D	E
05	A	B	C	D	E
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30	A	B	C	D	E
31	A	B	C	D	E
32	A	B	C	D	E
33	A	B	C	D	E
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35	A	B	C	D	E
36	A	B	C	D	E
37	A	B	C	D	E
38	A	B	C	D	E
39	A	B	C	D	E

PRACTICE QUESTIONS

LSAC - The Law School Admission Council

LSAT1

Law School Admission Test- Remote (US/Canada)

EDITION

Demo

QUESTIONS

9

FORMAT

Limited Edition PDF

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9 practice questions for LSAC - The Law School Admission Council **LSAT1**, each with its answer key and an explanation. Answer a question before you read its key — the explanation is worth more once you have committed.

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Send us three things and we will check it:

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- the question number
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Write to **support@mometrix.net**. We reply within one business day.

QUESTION 1

SINGLE CHOICE

A study group schedules exactly three review sessions—Logic Games, Reading Comprehension, and Writing—and assigns each session to exactly one weekday from Monday through Wednesday. Logic Games is scheduled before Reading Comprehension, and Writing is scheduled on Wednesday. Which of the following schedules could be the one used?

- ☒ **A** Logic Games on Monday, Reading Comprehension on Tuesday, and Writing on Wednesday
- ☐ **B** Logic Games on Tuesday, Reading Comprehension on Wednesday, and Writing on Monday
- ☐ **C** Logic Games on Monday, Reading Comprehension on Wednesday, and Writing on Tuesday
- ☐ **D** Logic Games on Wednesday, Reading Comprehension on Tuesday, and Writing on Monday

ANSWER A

WHY The proposed schedule satisfies both conditions: Logic Games precedes Reading Comprehension, and Writing is on Wednesday. The other schedules reverse the first two sessions, move Writing away from Wednesday, or both.

QUESTION 2

SINGLE CHOICE

Some people who practice mindfulness regularly report improved concentration. Therefore, practicing mindfulness regularly causes improved concentration. Which of the following identifies the central flaw in this argument?

- ☒ **A** It confuses correlation with causation.
- ☐ **B** It assumes that a conclusion is false whenever its premises are true.
- ☐ **C** It relies exclusively on testimony from unnamed authorities.
- ☐ **D** It treats a necessary condition as though it were a sufficient condition.

ANSWER A

WHY The evidence establishes an association between mindfulness practice and improved concentration, but it does not rule out a third factor or show that the practice itself causes the improvement. The argument therefore confuses correlation with causation.

QUESTION 3

SINGLE CHOICE

A passage describes a city that initially resisted bicycle lanes but later expanded them after finding that the lanes reduced injuries and improved travel times. The passage is best characterized as primarily doing which of the following?

- ☒ **A** Evaluating a policy by describing its initial opposition and subsequent observed effects
- ☐ **B** Defining a policy without providing any examples of its implementation
- ☐ **C** Arguing that all transportation policies should be modeled after bicycle lanes
- ☐ **D** Comparing bicycle lanes with public transit without drawing a conclusion

ANSWER A

WHY The passage presents the policy's implementation history and its observed effects, allowing an evaluation of bicycle lanes. It neither merely defines the policy nor advocates adopting every feature of the bicycle-lane program.

QUESTION 4

SINGLE CHOICE

A museum has exactly three galleries, numbered 1 through 3, and displays exactly three paintings—A, B, and C—one in each gallery. Painting A is in gallery 2. Painting B is in a gallery with a lower number than C. Which of the following must be true?

- ☒ **A** Painting B is in gallery 1.
- ☐ **B** Painting C is in gallery 2.
- ☐ **C** Painting B is in gallery 3.
- ☐ **D** Painting C is in gallery 3.

ANSWER A

WHY Because A occupies gallery 2, B must be in a lower-numbered gallery. The only available lower-numbered gallery is gallery 1, so B must be in gallery 1 and C in gallery 3.

QUESTION 5

SINGLE CHOICE

All successful negotiators are careful listeners. Some careful listeners are not persuasive speakers. Which of the following must be true?

- ☒ **A** Some successful negotiators are not persuasive speakers.
- ☐ **B** No successful negotiators are persuasive speakers.
- ☐ **C** Every careful listener is a successful negotiator.
- ☐ **D** Some persuasive speakers are successful negotiators.

ANSWER A

WHY The first statement places all successful negotiators within the set of careful listeners. The second statement establishes that some careful listeners are not persuasive speakers. It does not state that no successful negotiators are persuasive speakers, but it guarantees that at least one successful negotiator—the careful listener known not to be persuasive—is not one.

QUESTION 6

SINGLE CHOICE

Six books—F, G, H, I, J, and K—are arranged on a shelf from left to right. F is immediately to the left of G. J is immediately to the right of I. K is somewhere to the right of F. If G is the leftmost book, which of the following could be the arrangement from left to right?

- ☒ **A** G, F, I, J, K, H
- ☐ **B** G, F, I, K, J, H
- ☐ **C** G, F, H, I, J, K
- ☐ **D** G, F, I, H, J, K

ANSWER A

WHY The proposed arrangement satisfies every condition: G is leftmost, F is immediately to its right, J is immediately to the right of I, and K is somewhere to the right of F. The other choices either reverse I and J, place K before I and J, or move I out of the required position.

QUESTION 7

MULTIPLE CHOICE

A conference assigns exactly four speakers—P, Q, R, and S—to four consecutive time slots. Q speaks before R, and S speaks immediately after P. Which of the following assignments are possible? (Choose two.)

- ☒ **A** P, Q, R, S
- ☒ **B** P, Q, S, R
- ☐ **C** Q, P, R, S
- ☐ **D** Q, S, P, R

ANSWER A - B

WHY In the first assignment, Q precedes R, and S immediately follows P. In the second assignment, the same two conditions hold. The third has S immediately after R rather than P, and the fourth places S immediately after Q.

QUESTION 8

MULTIPLE CHOICE

According to a passage explaining the historical development of a scientific instrument, which two statements accurately describe the passage's main claims? (Choose two.)

- ☒ **A** The instrument was developed through a series of modifications over time.
- ☒ **B** Early versions of the instrument had important limitations.
- ☐ **C** The instrument was immediately accepted without significant controversy.
- ☐ **D** The instrument's original design remained unchanged throughout its history.

ANSWER A - B

WHY The passage focuses on how the instrument evolved through successive changes and notes limitations in its early forms. It does not support immediate acceptance or a history in which the original design remained unchanged.

QUESTION 9

SINGLE CHOICE

A researcher argues that a new tutoring program will improve student performance because students who participated in the program received higher exam scores than students who did not. Which of the following, if true, would most directly weaken the argument?

- ☒ **A** The participating students had higher prior exam scores than the nonparticipating students.
- ☐ **B** The tutoring program was available to every student in the school.
- ☐ **C** The exam was administered immediately after the tutoring sessions ended.
- ☐ **D** The participating students reported enjoying the sessions.

ANSWER A

WHY If participants already had higher prior scores, the difference may reflect their starting ability rather than the tutoring program's effect. This directly undermines the claimed causal link between participation and improved performance.